

(b) What is FFT algorithm ? Given
 $x(n) = (0, 1, 2, 3)$

Find $x(k)$ using DIT FFT algorithm. (10)

7. (a) Determine the parallel realisation of IIR filter transfer function : (10)

$$H(z) = \frac{3(2z^2 + 5z + 4)}{(2z + 1)(z + 2)}$$

(b) Discuss the issues connected with finite word length effects. Discuss the errors resulting from rounding and truncation in binary number representation. (10)

8. Write short notes on (any two) : (10,10)

(a) Design of LP filters using impulse invariance method

(b) DIF FFT algorithm

(c) Initial value and Final Value theorem for Z transform

Roll No.

22145

M. E. 1st Semester
Electronics & Communication
Engg. Examination-
December, 2016

ADVANCED DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

Paper : MEEC-507

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 100

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard will be entertained after the examination.

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Determine whether system described by the following input-output equations are : (20)

(a) Linear

(b) Time invariant

(c) Stable

(d) Causal

(i) $y(n) = nx(n)$

(ii) $y(n) = ax(n) + b$

(iii) $y(n) = e^{x(n)}$

(iv) $y(n) = x(n) \sin(\omega_0 n)$

2. (a) Determine the output $y(n)$ of a relaxed LTI system with impulse response

$$h(n) = a^n u(n), |a| < 1$$

where input is a unit step sequence. (10)

- (b) State and prove Parseval's theorem for Fourier Transform. (10)

3. (a) Find Fourier Transform of following signals : (4×3=12)

$$(i) x(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq n \leq 6 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$(ii) x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n-5)$$

$$(iii) x(n) = \delta(n-5)$$

- (b) State the following properties of Fourier Transform (4×2=8)

(i) Duality

(ii) Convolution

4. State and explain various properties of Z-transform

- (a) Determine inverse Z-transform of following function. (10)

- (b) Determine inverse Z-transform of the following function : (10)

$$(i) X(z) = \frac{1}{1 - 1.5z^{-1} + 0.5z^{-2}}$$

$$(ii) \frac{1}{(1+z^{-1})(1-z^{-1})^2}$$

5. Explain the design of IIR filters by :

- (a) Approximation of derivatives. (10)

- (b) Explain the procedure of designing an FIR filter using window functions. (10)

6. Define DFT for a sequence $x(n)$. Determine the DFT of the sequence : (10)

$$(a) x(n) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{5}, & \text{for } -1 \leq n \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$