- 7. (a) What is the importance of normalization in database design?

  Explain 1NF, 2NF and 3NF with the help of example.
  - (b) Why should NULL in a relation be avoided as far as possible? Discuss the problem of spurious tuples and how you may prevent it?

#### **UNIT-IV**

- 8. (a) What is meant by the concurrent execution of database transactions in a multiuser system? Discuss why concurrency control is needed?
  - (b) Explain the desirable properties of transactions.
- 9. (a) Discuss the problem of deadlock and starvation, and the different approaches to dealing with these problem.
  - (b) How is locking implemented? What is the role of the lock table in implementation? How are requests to lock and unlock a data item handled?

(4)

Roll No. ....

# 67074

# M.C.A. 2nd Semester (with new notes) M.M. 80 w.e.f. May, 2013 Examination-May, 2017

# DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (NEW)

# Paper-MCA-204

# Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 80

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard will be entertained after the examination.

- Note: Attempt five questions in all. Question
  No. 1 is compulsory and attempt four
  more questions by selecting one question
  from each unit. All questions carry equal
  marks.
- 1. (a) What are single valued and multi-valued attributes?
  - (b) What is database schema?

- (c) What is candidate key?
- (d) What is relational algebra?
- (e) Which clause of the SELECT command can be used to change the order of tuples in a relation? Give an example.
- (f) What is insertion anomaly?
- (g) What is COMMIT statement in SQL?
- (h) What are the two modes of locking?

## UNIT-I

- (a) Explain the various functional components of DBMS with the help of a diagram.
  - (b) What do you mean by data independence? State its importance in database technology.
- **3.** (a) Explain different types of DBMS user's with their jobs and responsibilities.
  - (b) Discuss the various E-R diagram notations and draw an E-R diagram for banking system. Make your own assumptions about the system.

#### **UNIT-II**

- **4.** (a) Discuss the characteristics of relations that make them different from ordinary tables and files.
  - (b) What is the use of constraints? Explain primary key constraints, unique constraints and check constraints with the help of an example.
- 5. (a) What is the significance of creating a view? Write commands to create, modify and removing a view.
  - (b) What is relational Calculus? How formulae are formed for domain and tuple Calculus? Explain by giving an example.

## UNIT-III

- 6. (a) Why do you use SELECT command in SQL? What is the difference between WHERE and HAVING clause? Explain with the help of an example.
  - (b) What is the role of aggregate functions in SQL queries? Explain all aggregate functions with the help of examples.