## **7.** Explain the following: (a) Memory Management Hardware 8 (b) I/O Processor 8 UNIT - IV **8.** (a) What do you understand by Vector Processing? State its significance and also enumerate certain applications that demand Vector Processing. (b) What is Pipelining? When, where and why is it necessary? Also differentiate between the Instruction Pipelining and Arithmetic Pipelining. 8 **9.** Explain the following: (a) Applications of Parallel Processing 8 (b) Pipelined Processors and their design 8

Roll No. .....

### 67057

# MCA 2nd Semester CBCS Scheme w.e.f. 2016-17 Examination – May, 2018

#### **COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE**

Paper: 16MCA32C2

Time: Three Hours]

[ Maximum Marks : 80

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.

Note: Question No. 1 is compulsory. Apart from it, attempt four questions by selecting one question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

- 1. (a) What are Segment Registers?
- $8 \times 2 = 16$
- (b) What is a microprogram? How is it different from program?
- (c) What are Bernstein's conditions for parallelism?

	` '	O	
	(e)	What is associative memory? State its relevance.	
	(f)	What is Superscalar architecture?	
	(g)	What are array processors?	
	(h)	What is interleaved memory organization?	
UNIT – I			
2.	(a)	What are addressing modes? What are various	
		types of addressing modes for 8086/8088	
		microprocessor ? Explain. 8	
	(b)	What is the structure of an 8086/8088 Assembly	
		Language program ? Outline the purpose of each	
		element. 8	
3.	Exp	plain the following:	
	(a)	Instruction Cycle Flowchart 8	
	(b)	Instruction Formats 8	
3705	57-	-(P-4)(Q-9)(18) (2)	

(d) What is the significance of RTL?

#### UNIT - II

- 4. (a) What is a Control Unit? What are the basic functions of Control Unit? What is the general model of a Control Unit? Illustrate a CPU indicating all its functional units and corresponding control signals.
  - (b) Differentiate between RISC and CISC. 6
- What are micro-operations? What are its various types? Illustrate the implementation of each category of microoperations through its block diagram(s). Also discuss how these ultimately help in design of a computer system.

#### UNIT - III

- **6.** (a) What is an I/O module ? What are the functions performed by an I/O module ? Illustrate the general structure of an I/O module.
  - (b) What do you understand by priority interrupt?Discuss their significance as well as implementation.

67057- -(P-4)(Q-9)(18) (3) P. T. O.