- (b) Explain Mohr-Coulomb failure criterion for failure plane. 10
- 9. Explain Culmann's graphical construction method for earth pressure determination. Compare it with Rebhann's construction method. 20

Roll No.

24290

B. Tech. 5th Semester (Civil Engg.) Examination – December, 2016

SOIL MECHANICS

Paper: CE-307-F

Time: Three Hours

[Maximum Marks: 100

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.

Note: Attempt five questions in all, selecting one question from each Section. Question No. 1 is compulsory. All question carry equal marks.

1. Differentiate between:

 $5 \times 4 = 20$

P. T. O.

- (a) Bulk density and dry density
- (b) Active earth pressure and passive earth pressure.
- (c) Normally consolidated and over consolidated soil.

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- (d) Standard proctor and modified proctor compaction test.
- (e) Compaction and Consolidation.

SECTION - A

- **2.** (a) Explain gain size distribution curve in detail. 10
 - (b) A clay sample originally 27 mm thick and at a void ratio of 1.120, was subjected to a compressive load.
 After the sample was completely consolidated, its thickness was measured to be 24 mm. Find the final void ratio.
- **3.** (a) Define a comment on the validity of Darcy's Law for soils.
 - (b) List and explain the factors that influence permeability of soils.

SECTION - B

4. (a) What do you mean by flow nets? Explain the graphical method for construction of flow nets. 10

- (b) What are the assumptions made in Laplace equation? Derive expression also.
- 5. What do you mean by compaction curve? Show and explain zero-air void line.20

SECTION - C

- **6.** What is the basis of the construction of Newmark's influence chart? How is it used?
- 7. (a) What do you mean by preconsolidation pressure? Explain the method used to obtained it graphically.
 - (b) The laboratory consolidation data for an undisturbed clay sample are $e_1=1.00$ $\overline{\sigma}_1=85$ kN/m² and $e_2=0.80$ $\overline{\sigma}_2=465$ kN/m². Find the void ratio for a pressure of $\overline{\sigma}_3=600$ kN/m². 10

SECTION - D

8. (a) What is the significance of the pole pressure coefficients? Write an example also.