

24291

**B.Tech. 5th Semester (F) Scheme (Civil)**

**Examination, December-2018**

**NUMERICAL METHODS AND  
COMPUTING TECHNIQUES**

**Paper- CE-309-F**

*Time allowed : 3 hours]*

*[Maximum marks : 100*

*Note : Attempt five questions in total by selecting one question from each section. Question no. 1 is compulsory.*

1. (a) Write Lagrange interpolation formula.
- (b) Define Numerical differentiation and integration.
- (c) What is the difference between Euler's and modified Euler's method.
- (b) Write finite difference approximations for first order and second order derivatives in x-direction.

**Section - A**

2. Discuss Bezier and B-spline curves with the help of suitable examples.
3. Find the positive root of  $x^4 - x = 10$  correct to four decimal places, using Newton-Raphson method.

**Section - B**

4. Solve  $10x - 7y + 3z + 5u = 6$ ,  $-6x + 8y - z - 4u = 5$ ,  
 $3x + y + 4z + 11u = 2$ ,  $5x - 9y - 2z + 4u = 7$   
by Gauss - Jordan method.

**24291-P-2-Q-9(18)**

**[P. T. O.]**

5. Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x}$  correct to three decimal places using Romberg's method. Hence find the value of  $\log_e 2$ .

### Section - C

6. Using Runge-Kutta method of fourth order, solve for y at  $x = 1.2, 1.4, 1.6$  from

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2xy + e^x}{x^2 + xe^x} \text{ given } x_0 = 1, y_0 = 0.$$

7. Solve the equations :

$$10x - 2y - 3z = 205 ; \quad -2x + 10y - 2z = 154 ;$$

$$-2x - y + 10z = 120 \text{ by Relaxation method.}$$

### Section - D

8. Solve  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$  in  $0 < x < 5, t \geq 0$  given that  $u(x, 0) = 20$ ,  $u(0, t) = 0, u(5, t) = 100$ .

Compute u for the time-step with  $h = 1$  by Crank-Nicholson method.

9. By the method of least squares, fit a parabola of the form  $y = a + bx + cx^2$ , to the following data :

x:	2	4	6	8	10
y:	6.07	12.85	31.47	57.38	91.29