B.Tech. 4th Semester F-Scheme

(Common for All Branches) Examination,

May-2019

MATHEMATICS-III

Paper-Math-201-F

Time allowed: 3 hours]

[Maximum marks: 100

Note: Attempt five questions in total selecting one question from each section. Question No. 1 is compulsory.

- (a) Find the value of a in the Fourier series of $f(x) = x - x^2$ from $x = -\pi$ to $x = \pi$,
 - Separate into real and imaginary parts Log (4+3i).
 - Define residue. Write statement of Cauchy's residue theorem.
 - Solve the following LPP graphically: Minimize Z = 3x + 2y

subject to the constraints

$$5x + y \ge 10$$
, $x + y \ge 6$, $x + 4y \ge 12$, $x, y \ge 0$.

Section-A

Find the Fourier serial expansion for:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -\pi, & -\pi < x < 0 \\ x, & 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

hence deduce that $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{9}$.

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- (b) Express f(x) = x as a half range sine series in 0 < x < 2
- 3. Solve the partial differential equation :

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{t}} = 2 \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}^2} , \mathbf{u} > 0, \mathbf{t} > 0$$

subject to the conditions:

- (a) u(0,t) = 0, t > 0
- (b) $u(x, 0) = e^{-x}, x > 0$
- (c) u and $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \to 0$ as $x \to \infty$

Section-B

- (a) Show that the function $f(z) = \sqrt{|xy|}$ is not analytic at the orign, even though C-R equations are satisfied there at:
 - Determine the analytic function whose real part is e^{-x} (x sin y – y cos y).
- (a) Evaluate $\int |z|^2 dz$, around the square with vertices at (0,0), (1,0), (1,1) and (0,1).

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Section-D

8. The sales in a super market during a week are given below. Test the hypothesis that the sales do not depend on the day of the week at 5% level of significance:

Days	:	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thus	Fri	Sat
Sales (in 1000 Rs.)	:	.65	54	60	56	71	84

- (b) A sample of 18 items has a mean 24 units and standard deviation 3 units. Test the hypothesis that it is a random sample from a normal population with mean 27 units.
- Using dual simplex method

$$Maximize z = -3x_1 - 2x_2$$

Subject to
$$x_1 + x_2 \ge 1$$
,

$$x_1 + x_2 \le 7,$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 10$$
,

$$x_2 \leq 3$$
,

$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

(b). Use Cauchy's integral formula to evaluate $\oint_{C} \frac{2^{2z}}{(z+1)^4} dz$, where C is the circle |z| = 2.

Section-C

- 6. (a) Expand $\frac{1}{z^2-3z+2}$ in the region :
 - (i) 1 < |z| < 2

 - (b) Evaluate $\oint_{c} \frac{z^{3}}{(z-1)^{4}(z-2)(z-3)} dz$

Where C is the circle (z) = $\frac{5}{2}$. By using residue theorem.

- 7. (a) A die is tossed thrice. A success is getting 1 or 6 on a toss. Find the mean and the variance of the number of successes.
 - Six dice are thrown 729 times. How many times do you expect at least three dice to show a five or six?

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